

State of Misconsin LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

RESEARCH APPENDIX PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE FROM DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 09/09/2008

(Per: GMM)

Appendix A ... Pt. 03B of 09

The 2007 drafting file for LRB-0174

has been transferred to the drafting file for

2009 LRB-0150

This cover sheet, the final request sheet, and the final version of the 2007 draft were copied on yellow paper, and returned to the original 2005 drafting file.

The attached 2007 draft was incorporated into the new 2009 draft listed above. For research purposes, this cover sheet and the complete drafting file were transferred, as a separate appendix, to the 2009 drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.

SECTION 68

SECTION 68. 48.32 (1) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 69. 48.33 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

48.33 (4) (d) If the agency knows or has reason to know that the child is an Indian child, a description of any efforts undertaken to determine whether the child is an Indian child; specific information showing that continued custody of the child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1.; specific information showing that the county department, department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful; a statement as to whether the out-of-home care placement recommended is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b); and, if the recommended placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause for departing from that order.

NOTE: The DHFS draft requires the court report to set forth any response by the Indian tribe regarding the interest of the tribal court in exercising jurisdiction. Under 25 USC 1911 (b), however, the remedy for a tribe that wishes to exercise jurisdiction is not to express interest to the agency. Rather, the tribe's remedy is to petition for transfer of jurisdiction. Accordingly, this draft does not require a court report to set forth the tribe's interest in exercising jurisdiction.

The DHFS draft also requires documentation that the placement preferences were followed. That documentation, however, is included in the permanency plan, which is already included in the court report under s. 48.33 (4) (a). Accordingly, this draft does not repeat that requirement in s. 48.33 (4) (d).

SECTION 70. 48.335 (3j) of the statutes is created to read:

48.335 (3j) At hearings under this section involving an Indian child, if the agency, as defined in s. 48.38 (1) (a), is recommending placement of the Indian child in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, or residential care center for

1	children and youth or in the home of a relative other than a parent, the agency shall
2	present as evidence specific information showing all of the following:
3	(a) That continued custody of the Indian child by the parent or Indian custodian
4	is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the Indian child under
5	s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1.
6	(b) That the county department, the department in a county having a
7	population of 500,000 or more, or the agency primarily responsible for providing
8	services to the Indian child has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to
9	prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved
10	unsuccessful.
11	(c) That the placement recommended is in compliance with the order of
12)	placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b) or, if that placement is not in compliance
13	with that order, good cause for departing from that order.
14	SECTION 71. 48.345 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	48.345 (3) (intro.) Designate Subject to sub. (3m), designate one of the following
16	as the placement for the child:
17	SECTION 72. 48.345 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
(1 8)	48.345 (3m) (a) Subject to s. 48.028 (7) (c) (7), if the child is an Indian child
19	who is being placed in an out-of-home care placement, as defined in s. 48.028 (2) (e),
20	designate one of the placements listed in s. 48.028 (7) (b) 1. to 4. as the placement for
21	the Indian child, in the order of preference listed.
22	SECTION 73. 48.355 (2) (b) 6v. of the statutes is created to read:
23	48.355 (2) (b) 6v. If the child is an Indian child who is placed outside the home,
24	a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one
25	or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian child by the

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parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1. and a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence as to whether the county department, department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or agency primarily responsible for providing services under a court order has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 74. 48.355 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.355 (2) (d) The court shall provide a copy of a dispositional order relating to a child in need of protection or services to the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or trustee, to the child through the child's counsel or guardian ad litem and, to the child's court-appointed special advocate, and, if the child is an Indian child, to the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. The court shall provide a copy of a dispositional order relating to an unborn child in need of protection or services to the expectant mother, to the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem and, if the expectant mother is a child, to her, to the parent, guardian, legal custodian, or trustee of a child expectant mother, and, if the expectant mother is an Indian child or if the unborn child, when born may be an Indian child, to the expectant mother's Indian custodian and tribe or to the Indian tribe in which the unborn child may be eligible for membership when born.

SECTION 75. 48.355 (2c) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.355 (2c) (title) Reasonable efforts and active efforts standards.

SECTION 76. 48.355 (2c) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

48.355 (2c) (c) When a court makes a finding under sub. (2) (b) 6v. as to whether the county department, department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or agency primarily responsible for providing services to an Indian child under

a court order has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family, the court's consideration of active efforts shall include the considerations listed under par. (a) 1. to 5., whether visitation schedules between the Indian child and his or her parents or Indian custodian were implemented, unless visitation was denied or limited by the court, whether the order of preference for placement of the Indian child under s. 48.028 (7) (b) was followed, and whether the services provided to the Indian child and his or her family were culturally responsive to their needs.

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SECTION 77. 48.355 (2d) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 48.355 (2d) (c) and amended to read:

48.355 (2d) (c) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in under par. (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 48.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

SECTION 78. 48.355 (2d) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 79. 48.355 (2d) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 80. 48.357 (1) (am) 1g. of the statutes is created to read:

48.357 (1) (am) 1g. If the child is an Indian child, a notice under subd. 1. shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family

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2007 - 2008 Legislature SECTION 80 Ladian instadian, and tribe 1 and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new $\mathbf{2}$ placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 β (7) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause for departing from that order. 4 5 **SECTION 81.** 48.357 (1) (am) 1m. of the statutes is created to read: 48.357 (1) (and) 1m. If the child is an Indian child, notice under subd. 1. to the 6 **P** Indian child's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). 8 In like manner, the court shall also provide notice of the hearing, together with a copy, 9 of the request for the change in placement, to the Indian child's Indian custodian and 10 tribe. No hearing on the request may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of 11 the notice by the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of 12 the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a 13 continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the 48.357 (D(a) 2 (1-10) 14 hearing. $\widehat{(15)}$ SECTION 82. 48.357 (1) (am) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: (16)48.357 (1) (am) X. Any person receiving the notice under subd. 1. or notice of 17 a specific placement under s. 48.355 (2) (b) 2., other than a court-appointed special advocate, may obtain a hearing on the matter by filing an objection with the court 18 grovi ded in 19 within 10 days after receipt of the potice. Placements may not be changed until 10 20 days after that notice is sent to the court unless the parent, guardian, or legal 23 24 custodian or Indian custodian and the child, if 12 years of age or over, or the child expectant mother, if 12 years of age or over, her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, the adult expectant mother and the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, sign written waivers of objection, except that changes in placement that of axies of objection signed as Collons: A a.

were authorized in the dispositional order may be made immediately if notice is given as required under subd. I In addition, a hearing is not required for placement changes authorized in the dispositional order except when an objection filed by a person who received notice alleges that new information is available that affects the advisability of the court's dispositional order.

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SECTION 83. 48.357 (1) (am) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.357 (1) (am) 3. If the court changes the child's placement from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, the change in placement order shall contain one of the statements specified in under sub. (2v) (a) 2. If the court changes the placement of an Indian child from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, the change in placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b) and contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4.

Note: The DHFS draft amends s. 48.355 (2m) to require the active efforts and serious harm findings to be made when changes in transitional placements are made. Section 48.355 (2m), however, provides that the procedures of s. 48.357 govern transitions. Accordingly, the amendments made to s. 48.357 by this draft will cover those findings and no amendment to s. 48.355 (2m) is necessary.

SECTION 84. 48.357 (1) (c) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

48.357 (1) (c) 1m. If the child is an Indian child, a request under subd. 1. shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028

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(7) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause for departing from that order.

SECTION 85. 48.357 (1) (c) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

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48.357 (1) (c) 2m. If the child is an Indian child, notice under subd. 2. to the Indian child's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a).

In like manner, the court shall also provide notice of the hearing, together with a copy of the request for the change in placement, to the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing on the request may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 86. 48.357 (1) (c) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.357 (1) (c) 3. If the court changes the child's placement from a placement in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, the change in placement order shall contain the findings specified in under sub. (2v) (a) 1., one of the statements specified in under sub. (2v) (a) 2., and, if in addition the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the determination specified in under sub. (2v) (a) 3. If the court changes the placement of an Indian child from a placement in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, the change in placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b) and contain the

findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4.

SECTION 87. 48.357 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.357 (2m) (a) The child, the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian of the child, the expectant mother, the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or any person or agency primarily bound by the dispositional order, other than the person or agency responsible for implementing the order, may request a change in placement under this paragraph. The request shall contain the name and address of the new placement requested and shall state what new information is available that affects the advisability of the current placement. If the proposed change in placement would change the placement of a child placed in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, the request shall also contain specific information showing that continued placement of the child in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the child and, unless any of the circumstances specified in under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies, specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the child from the home, while assuring that the child's health and safety are the paramount concerns. The request shall be submitted to the court. In addition, the The court may also propose a change in placement on its own motion.

SECTION 88. 48.357 (2m) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

48.357 (2m) (am) If the proposed change of placement would change the placement of an Indian child placed in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, a request under par. (a) shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d)

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2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause for departing from that order.

SECTION 89. 48.357 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.357 (2m) (b) The court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to ordering any change in placement requested or proposed under par. (a) if the request states that new information is available that affects the advisability of the current placement, unless. A hearing is not required if the requested or proposed change in placement involves any change in placement other than does not involve a change in placement of a child placed in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home and, written waivers of objection to the proposed change in placement are signed by all persons entitled to receive notice under sub. (1) (am) 1, other than a court-appointed special advocate, and the court approves. If a hearing is scheduled. not less than 3 days before the hearing the court shall notify the child, the parent. guardian, and legal custodian of the child, any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the child, the child's court-appointed special advocate, all parties who are bound by the dispositional order, and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. If the child is the expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the court shall also notify the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or. If the change in placement involves an adult expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the court shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, and all parties who are bound by the

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dispositional order, at least 3 days prior to the hearing. A copy of the request or proposal for the change in placement shall be attached to the notice. If all of the parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing.

SECTION 90. 48.357 (2m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

48.357 (2m) (bm) If the proposed change in placement would change the placement of an Indian child placed in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, notice under par. (b) to the Indian child's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also provide notice of the hearing, together with a copy of the request or proposal for the change in placement, to the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe.\ No hearing on the request or proposal may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 91. 48.357 (2m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.357 (2m) (c) If the court changes the child's placement from a placement in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, the change in placement order shall contain the findings specified in under sub. (2v) (a) 1., one of the statements specified in under sub. (2v) (a) 2., and, if in addition the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the determination specified in under sub. (2v) (a) 3. If the court changes the placement of an Indian child from a placement in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, the change in placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b) and contain the 5,48.028(7)

findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4.

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SECTION 92. 48.357 (2v) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

48.357 (2v) (a) 4. If the change in placement order changes an Indian child's placement from a placement in the Indian child's home to a placement outside the Indian child's home, a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1. and a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

Section 93. 48.357 (2v) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 48.357 (2v) (c) and amended to read:

48.357 (2v) (c) If the court finds under par. (a) 3. that any of the circumstances specified in under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 48.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

Section 94. 48.357 (2v) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 95. 48.357 (2v) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 96. 48.363 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.363 (1) (a) A child, the child's parent, guardian or, legal custodian, or Indian custodian, an expectant mother, an unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, any person or agency bound by a dispositional order, or the district attorney

or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered may request a revision in the order that does not involve a change in placement, including a revision with respect to the amount of child support to be paid by a parent, or the. The court may on its own motion also propose such a revision. The request or court proposal shall set forth in detail the nature of the proposed revision and what new information is available that affects the advisability of the court's disposition. The request or court proposal shall be submitted to the court. The court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to any revision of the dispositional order if the request or court proposal indicates that new information is available which affects the advisability of the court's dispositional order, unless written waivers of objections to the revision are signed by all parties entitled to receive notice and the court approves.

SECTION 97. 48.363 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.363 (1) (b) If a hearing is held, at least 3 days before the hearing the court shall notify the child, the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all parties bound by the dispositional order, the child's foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the child's court-appointed special advocate, the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. If the child is the expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the court shall also notify the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem; or. If the proceeding involves an adult expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the court shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, all parties bound by the dispositional order, and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county

in which the dispositional order was entered, at least 3 days prior to the hearing. A copy of the request or proposal shall be attached to the notice. If all parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective period of the original order.

SECTION 98. 48.365 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 (1m) The parent, child, guardian, legal custodian, <u>Indian custodian</u>, expectant mother, unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, any person or agency bound by the dispositional order, the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, or the court on its own motion, may request an extension of an order under s. 48.355 including an order under s. 48.355 that was entered before the child was born. The request shall be submitted to the court which that entered the order. No <u>An</u> order under s. 48.355 may be extended except only as as provided in this section.

SECTION 99. 48.365 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 (2) No order may be extended without a hearing. The court shall notify provide notice of the time and place of the hearing to the child, the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all the parties present at the original hearing, the child's foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the child's court-appointed special advocate, the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. If the child is an expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the court shall also notify the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or. If the extension hearing involves an adult expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the court shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child through the unborn

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child's guardian ad litem, all the parties present at the original hearing, and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, of the time and place of the hearing.

SECTION 100. 48.365 (2g) (b) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

48.365 (2g) (b) 4. If the child is an Indian child who is placed outside the home, specific information showing that active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. have been made to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 101. 48.365 (2m) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 (2m) (a) 1. Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of extension. If the child is placed outside of his or her home, the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child shall present as evidence specific information showing that the person or agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan, unless return of the child to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and any of the circumstances specified in under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies. If an Indian child is placed outside the home, the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian child shall also present as evidence specific information showing that the person or agency has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

1m. The judge shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the evidence. The findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts were made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan, unless return of the child to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and the judge finds that any of the circumstances

specified in under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies. If the child is an Indian child who
is placed outside the home, the findings of fact shall also include a finding as to
whether active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. were made to prevent the breakup
of the Indian family and as to whether those efforts have proved unsuccessful. An
order shall be issued under s. 48.355.

SECTION 102. 48.365 (2m) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.365 (2m) (a) 3. The judge shall make the findings specified in under subd.

1. 1m. relating to reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan and the findings specified in under subd. 2. on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the child and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are based in the order issued under s. 48.355. An order that merely references subd. 1. 1m. or 2. without documenting or referencing that specific information in the order or an amended order that retroactively corrects an earlier order that does not comply with this subdivision is not sufficient to comply with this subdivision.

SECTION 103. 48.365 (2m) (ad) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 48.365 (2m) (ad) and amended to read:

48.365 (2m) (ad) If the judge finds that any of the circumstances specified in under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the judge shall hold a hearing under s. 48.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

SECTION 104. 48.365 (2m) (ad) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 105. 48.365 (2m) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.365 (2m) (ag) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent,
or other physical custodian described in s. $48.62(2)$ who is notified of a hearing under
par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by permitting the
foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written
or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the
hearing, relevant to the issue of extension. A foster parent, treatment foster parent,
or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives notice of a hearing
under par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) and an opportunity to be heard under this paragraph
does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the
basis of receiving that notice and having the opportunity to be heard.

Section 106. 48.38 (4) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

48.38 (4) (i) If the child is an Indian child, all of the following:

- 1. The name, address, and telephone number of the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe.
- 2. A description of the remedial services and rehabilitation programs offered under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. in an effort to prevent the breakup of the Indian family.
- 3. A statement as to whether the Indian child's placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference specified in s. 48.028 (7) (b) and, if the placement is not in compliance with that order, an explanation for the departure from that order.

SECTION 107. 48.38 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

48.38 (4m) PERMANENCY PLAN DETERMINATION HEARING. (a) If in a proceeding under s. 48.21, 48.32, 48.355, 48.357, or 48.365 the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine

- the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.
- (b) At least 10 days before the date of the hearing the court shall notify the child, any parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the child, and any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the child of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing.
- (c) If the court knows or has reason to know that the child is an Indian child, notice under par. (b) to the Indian child's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also notify the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing may be held under par. (a) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.
- (d) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under par. (b) an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and having the opportunity to be heard.

SECTION 108. 48.38 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.38 (5) (b) The court or the agency shall notify the parents of the child, the child, if he or she is 12 years of age or older, and; the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the child's foster parent, the child's treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living; and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe of the date, time, and place of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may have an opportunity to be heard at the review or by participating at the review. The court or agency shall notify the person representing the interests of the public, the child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem, and the child's court-appointed special advocate of the date of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may submit written comments not less than 10 working days before the review. The notices under this paragraph shall be provided in writing not less than 30 days before the review and copies of the notices shall be filed in the child's case record.

SECTION 109. 48.38 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

48.38 (5) (bm) If the child is an Indian child, notice under par. (b) to the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). No review may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the review.

SECTION 110. 48.38 (5) (c) 8. of the statutes is created to read:

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48.38 (5) (c) 8. If the child is an Indian child, whether active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2, were made by the agency to prevent the breakup of the Indian family whether those efforts have proved unsuccessful

SECTION 111. 48.38 (5) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.38 (5) (d) Notwithstanding s. 48.78 (2) (a), the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall, at least 5 days before a review by a review panel, provide to each person appointed to the review panel, the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, the person representing the interests of the public, the child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem and, the child's court-appointed special advocate, and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe a copy of the permanency plan and any written comments submitted under par. (b). Notwithstanding s. 48.78 (2) (a), a person appointed to a review panel, the person representing the interests of the public, the child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem and, the child's court-appointed special advocate, and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe may have access to any other records concerning the child for the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a child's records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other person.

Section 112. 48.38 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.38 (5) (e) Within 30 days, the agency shall prepare a written summary of the determinations under par. (c) and shall provide a copy to the court that entered the order; the child or the child's counsel or guardian ad litem; the person representing the interests of the public, the child's parent or, guardian, or legal custodian; the child's court-appointed special advocate and; the child's foster parent, the child's treatment foster parent, or the operator of the facility where the child is

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1	living; and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and
2	tribe.

SECTION 113. 48.38 (5m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.38 (5m) (b) Not less than 30 days before the date of the hearing, the court shall notify the child; the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the child's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living; the child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem, and the child's court-appointed special advocate; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the public; and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe of the date, time, and place of the hearing.

SECTION 114. 48.38 (5m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

48.38 (5m) (bm) If the child is an Indian child, notice under par. (b) to the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). No hearing under par. (a) may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

NOTE: Section 48.38 (5m) (c), as affected by the DHFS draft, provides that an Indian custodian and tribe do not become parties to the proceeding. Actually, 25 USC 1911 (c) grants the Indian custodian and tribe the right to intervene at any point in a proceeding involving an Indian child.

SECTION 115. 48.38 (5m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.38 (5m) (d) At least 5 days before the date of the hearing the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall provide a copy of the permanency plan and any written comments submitted under par. (c) to the court, to the child's parent,

guardian, and legal custodian, to the person representing the interests of the public, to the child's counsel or guardian ad litem, and to the child's court-appointed special advocate, and, if the child is an Indian child, to the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. Notwithstanding s. 48.78 (2) (a), the person representing the interests of the public, the child's counsel or guardian ad litem, and the child's court-appointed special advocate, and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe may have access to any other records concerning the child for the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a child's records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other person.

SECTION 116. 48.38 (5m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.38 (5m) (e) After the hearing, the court shall make written findings of fact and conclusions of law relating to the determinations under sub. (5) (c) and shall provide a copy of those findings of fact and conclusions of law to the child; the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the child's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living; the child's court-appointed special advocate; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the public; and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. The court shall make the findings specified in sub. (5) (c) 7. on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the child and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are based in the findings of fact and conclusions of law prepared under this paragraph. Findings of fact and conclusions of law that merely reference sub. (5) (c) 7. without documenting or referencing that specific information in the findings of fact and conclusions of law or amended

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and uses the available resources of that tribe, Indian social services agencies, and individual Indian caregivers.

SECTION 121. 48.417 (2) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

48.417 (2) (cm) In the case of an Indian child, the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian child and the family under a court order, if required under s. 48.355 (2) (b) 6v. to make active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family, has not provided to the Indian child's family, consistent with the time period in the child's permanency plan, the services necessary to prevent the breakup of the Indian family.

SECTION 122. 48.42 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.42 (1) (d) A statement of whether the child may be subject to the federal Indian child welfare act Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the child may be subject to that act, the names of the child's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

SECTION 123. 48.42 (1) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

48.42 (1) (e) If the child is an Indian child, reliable and credible information showing that continued custody of the child by the child's parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (e) 1. and reliable and credible information showing that the agency has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (e) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

Section 124. 48.42 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.42 (2) (c) The guardian, guardian ad litem and, legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the child.

SECTION 125. 48.42 (2g) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:

48.42 (2g) (ag) If the petitioner knows or has reason to know that the child is an Indian child, the petitioner shall cause the summons and petition to be served on the Indian child's parent and Indian custodian in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the petitioner shall also notify the Indian child's tribe of all hearings on the petition. The first notice to an Indian child's tribe shall be written, shall have a copy of the petition attached to it, and shall state the nature, location, date, and time of the initial hearing. No hearing may be held on the petition until at least 10 days after receipt of notice of the hearing by the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 126. 48.42 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.42 (4) (a) *Personal service*. Except as provided in this paragraph and, par. (b), and sub. (2g) (ag), a copy of the summons and petition shall be served personally upon the parties specified in sub. (2), if known, at least 7 days before the date of the hearing. Service of summons is not required if the party submits to the jurisdiction of the court. Service upon parties who are not natural persons and upon persons under a disability shall be as prescribed in s. 801.11.

Section 127. 48.422 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.422 (1) The Except as provided in s. 48.42 (2g) (ag), the hearing on the petition to terminate parental rights shall be held within 30 days after the petition is filed. At the hearing on the petition to terminate parental rights the court shall determine whether any party wishes to contest the petition and inform the parties of their rights under sub. (4) and s. 48.423.

Section 128. 48.422 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

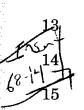
48.422 (2) If Except as provided in s. 48.42 (2g) (ag), if the petition is contested the court shall set a date for a fact-finding hearing to be held within 45 days of after the hearing on the petition, unless all of the necessary parties agree to commence with the hearing on the merits immediately.

SECTION 129. 48.422 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.422 (6) (a) In the case of a nonmarital child who is not adopted or whose parents do not subsequently intermarry under s. 767.803 and for whom paternity has not been established, or for whom a declaration of paternal interest has not been filed under s. 48.025 within 14 days after the date of birth of the child or, if s. 48.42 (1g) (b) applies, within 21 days after the date on which the notice under s. 48.42 (1g) (b) is mailed, the court shall hear testimony concerning the paternity of the child. Based on the testimony, the court shall determine whether all interested parties who are known have been notified under s. 48.42 (2) and (2g) (ag). If not, the court shall adjourn the hearing and order appropriate notice to be given.

SECTION 130. 48.423 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.423 (1) RIGHTS TO PATERNITY DETERMINATION. If a person appears at the hearing and claims that he is the father of the child, the court shall set a date for a hearing on the issue of paternity or, if. If the child is an Indian child or if it appears to the court that the determination of paternity may result in a finding that the child is an Indian child, the court shall cause notice of the hearing on the issue of paternity to be provided to the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe under s. 48.42 (2g) (ag), and the hearing may not be held until at least 10 days after receipt of notice under s. 48.42 (2g) (ag) by the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian child's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the



hearing. If all parties agree, the court may immediately commence hearing
testimony concerning the issue of paternity. The court shall inform the person
claiming to be the father of the child of any right to counsel under s. 48.23 . The person
claiming to be the father of the child must prove paternity by clear and convincing
evidence. A person who establishes his paternity of the child under this section may
further participate in the termination of parental rights proceeding only if the person
meets the conditions specified in sub. (2) or meets a condition specified in s. $48.42(2)$
er (b) or (bm).

SECTION 131. 48.424 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.424 (1) The purpose of the fact-finding hearing is to determine whether grounds exist for the termination of parental rights in those cases where the termination in cases in which the petition was contested at the hearing on the petition under s. 48.422 whether grounds exist for termination of parental rights and, in contested cases in which the child is an Indian child, to determine whether grounds exist for termination of parental rights and whether the allegations specified in s. 48.42 (1) (e) are proved.

SECTION 132. 48.424 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.424 (2) (intro.) The fact-finding hearing shall be conducted according to the procedure specified in s. 48.31 except that as follows:

SECTION 133. 48.424 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.424 (2) (a) The court may exclude the child from the hearing; and.

Section 134. 48.424 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.424 (3) If the facts are determined by a jury, the jury may only decide whether any grounds for the termination of parental rights have been proven proved and, in the case of an Indian child, whether the allegations specified in s. 48.42 (1)

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(e) have been proved. The court shall decide what disposition is in the best interest
of the child.

NOTE: In the DHFS draft likelihood of serious harm is listed in the standards and factors in s. 48.426 relating to disposition. It appears, however, that likelihood of serious harm would be based on the facts, i.e., present conduct predicts future behavior, and goes to the issue of unfitness, which is determined at the fact-finding, not dispositional, stage.

SECTION 135. 48.424 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.424 (4) (intro.) If grounds for the termination of parental rights are found by the court or jury, the court shall find the parent unfit. A finding of unfitness shall not preclude a dismissal of a petition under s. 48.427 (2). The court shall then proceed immediately to hear evidence and motions related to the dispositions enumerated in s. 48.427. The Except as provided in s. 48.42 (2g) (ag), the court may delay making the disposition and set a date for a dispositional hearing no later than 45 days after the fact-finding hearing if any of the following apply:

SECTION 136. 48.424 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.424 (4) (a) All parties to the proceeding agree; or.

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SECTION 137. 48.424 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.424 (5) If the court delays making a permanent disposition under sub. (4), it may transfer temporary custody of the child to an agency for placement of the child until the dispositional hearing. Placement of an Indian child under this subsection shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b).

SECTION 138. 48.425 (1) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

48.425 (1) (cm) If the child is an Indian child, specific information showing that continued custody of the child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (e) 1. and, if the Indian child has previously been adjudged to be in need of protection or services, specific information showing that the agency or person responsible for providing

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services to the Indian child and his or her family has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (e) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 139. 48.427 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

48.427 (5) (cm) In placing an Indian child in a preadoptive placement following a transfer of guardianship and custody under sub. (3m) or (3p) or in placing an Indian child in sustaining care under sub. (4), the court or an agency specified in sub. (3m) (a) 1. to 4. or (am) shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028

(7) (b) or it applicable ofce)

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SECTION 140. 48.428 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.428 (2) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), when a court places a child in sustaining care after an order under s. 48.427 (4), the court shall transfer legal custody of the child to the county department, the department, in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or a licensed child welfare agency, transfer guardianship of the child to an agency listed in s. 48.427 (3m) (a) 1. to 4. or (am), and place the child in the home of a licensed foster parent, licensed treatment foster parent, or kinship care relative with whom the child has resided for 6 months or longer. In placing an Indian child in sustaining care, the court shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b). Pursuant to such a placement, this that licensed foster parent, licensed treatment foster parent, or kinship care relative shall be a sustaining parent with the powers and duties specified in sub. (3).

SECTION 141. 48.428 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.428 (2) (b) When a court places a child in sustaining care after an order under s. 48.427 (4) with a person who has been appointed as the guardian of the child under s. 48.977 (2), the court may transfer legal custody of the child to the county

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department, the department; in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or a licensed child welfare agency, transfer guardianship of the child to an agency listed in s. 48 427 (3m) (a) 1. to 4. or (am), and place the child in the home of a licensed foster parent, licensed treatment foster parent, or kinship care relative with whom the child has resided for 6 months or longer. In placing an Indian child in sustaining care, the court shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b). Pursuant to such a placement, that licensed foster parent, licensed treatment foster parent, or kinship care relative shall be a sustaining parent with the powers and duties specified in sub. (3). If the court transfers guardianship of the child to an agency listed in s. 48.427 (3m) (a) 1. to 4. or (am), the court shall terminate the guardianship under s. 48.977.

SECTION 142. 48.43 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

48.43 (5) (bm) If the child is an Indian child, the court shall also provide notice of the hearing under par. (b) to the Indian child's tribe in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). No hearing may be held under par. (b) until at least 10 days after receipt of notice of the hearing by the Indian child's tribe. On request of the Indian child's tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the tribe to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 143. 48.43 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.43 (5) (c) Following the hearing, the court shall make all of the determinations specified under s. 48.38 (5) (c), except the determinations relating to the child's parents. The court may amend the order under sub. (1) to transfer the child's guardianship and custody to any agency specified under s. 48.427 (3m) (a) 1. to 4. or (am) that consents to the transfer, if the court determines that the transfer is in the child's best interest. If an Indian child's guardianship and custody are

transferred under this paragraph, the agency consenting to the transfer shall comply with the order of placement preference specified in s. 48.028 (7) (b) in placing the child. If an order is amended, the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall revise the plan to conform to the order and shall file a copy of the revised plan with the court. Each plan filed under this paragraph shall be made a part of the court order.

SECTION 144. 48.43 (5m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.43 (5m) Either the court or the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall furnish a copy of the original plan and each revised plan to the child, if he or she is 12 years of age or over, and to the child's foster parent, the child's treatment foster parent, or the operator of the facility in which the child is living, and, if the child is an Indian child, to the Indian child's tribe.

SECTION 145. 48.43 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.43 (6) (a) Judgments under this subchapter terminating parental rights are final and are appealable under s. 808.03 (1) according to the procedure specified in s. 809.107 and are subject to a petition for rehearing or a motion for relief only as provided in s. 48.46 (1m) and (2) and, in the case of an Indian child, s. 48.028 (5) (c) and (6). The attorney representing a person during a proceeding under this subchapter shall continue representation of that person by filing a notice of intent to appeal under s. 809.107 (2), unless the attorney has been previously discharged during the proceeding by the person or by the trial court.

SECTION 146. 48.43 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.43 (6) (c) In Except as provided in s. 48.028 (5) (c) and (6), in no event may any person, for any reason, collaterally attack a judgment terminating parental rights more than one year after the date on which the time limit for filing an appeal



from the judgment has expired, or more than one year after the date on which all appeals from the judgment, if any were filed, have been decided, whichever is later.

SECTION 147. 48.46 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.46 (2) A parent who has consented to the termination of his or her parental rights under s. 48.41 or who did not contest the petition initiating the proceeding in which his or her parental rights were terminated may move the court for relief from the judgment on any of the grounds specified in s. 806.07 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d) or (f). Any such motion shall be filed within 30 days after the entry of the judgment or order terminating parental rights, unless the parent files a timely notice of intent to pursue relief from the judgment under s. 808.04 (7m), in which case the motion shall be filed within the time permitted by s. 809.107 (5). A motion under this subsection does not affect the finality or suspend the operation of the judgment or order terminating parental rights. Motions under this subsection or s. 48.028 (5) (c) or (6) and appeals to the court of appeals shall be the exclusive remedies for such a parent to obtain a new hearing in a termination of parental rights proceeding.

SECTION 148. 48.48 (8m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.48 (8m) To enter into agreements with American Indian tribes in this state to implement the Indian child welfare act federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963.

SECTION 149. 48.485 of the statutes is amended to read:

48.485 Transfer of tribal Indian children to department for adoption. If the department accepts guardianship or legal custody or both from an American Indian a tribal court under s. 48.48 (3m), the department shall seek a permanent adoptive placement for the child. If a permanent adoptive placement is not in progress within 2 years after entry of the termination of parental rights order by the

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or guardianship of the <u>Indian</u> child back to the <u>Indian</u> tribe, except that the department may not petition the tribal court to transfer back to -a- an <u>Indian</u> tribe legal custody or guardianship of -a- an <u>Indian</u> child who was initially taken into custody under s. 48.195 (1).

SECTION 150. 48.63 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.63 (1) Acting under court order or voluntary agreement, the child's parent or, guardian, or Indian custodian, the department of health and family services, the department of corrections, a county department, or a child welfare agency licensed to place children in foster homes, treatment foster homes, or group homes may place a child or negotiate or act as intermediary for the placement of a child in a foster home, treatment foster home, or group home. Voluntary agreements under this subsection may not be used for placements in facilities other than foster, treatment foster, or group homes and may not be extended. A foster home or treatment foster home placement under a voluntary agreement may not exceed 180 days from the date on which the child was removed from the home under the voluntary agreement. A group home placement under a voluntary agreement may not exceed 15 days from the date on which the child was removed from the home under the voluntary agreement, except as provided in sub. (5). These time limitations do not apply to placements made under s. 48.345, 938.183, 938.34, or 938.345. Voluntary agreements may be made only under this subsection and sub. (5) (b) and shall be in writing and shall specifically state that the agreement may be terminated at any time by the parent or, guardian, or Indian custodian or by the child if the child's consent to the agreement is required. In the case of an Indian child who is placed under this subsection by the voluntary agreement of the Indian child's parent or

Indian custodian, the voluntary consent of the parent or Indian custodian to the placement shall be given as provided in s. 48.028 (5) (a). The child's consent to the agreement is required whenever the child is 12 years of age or older.

SECTION 151. 48.63 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.63 (4) A permanency plan under s. 48.38 is required for each child placed in a foster home or treatment foster home under sub. (1). If the child is living in a foster home or treatment foster home under a voluntary agreement, the agency that negotiated or acted as intermediary for the placement shall prepare the permanency plan within 60 days after the date on which the child was removed from his or her home under the voluntary agreement. A copy of each plan shall be provided to the child if he or she is 12 years of age or over and, to the child's parent or guardian, and, if the child is an Indian child, to the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. If the agency that arranged the voluntary placement intends to seek a court order to place the child outside of his or her home at the expiration of the voluntary placement, the agency shall prepare a revised permanency plan and file that revised plan with the court prior to the date of the hearing on the proposed placement.

SECTION 152. 48.63 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.63 (5) (b) If a child who is at least 14 years of age, who is a custodial parent, as defined in s. 49.141 (1) (b), or an expectant mother, and who is in need of a safe and structured living arrangement and the parent of, guardian, or Indian custodian of the child consent, a child welfare agency licensed to place children in group homes may place the child or arrange the placement of the child in a group home described in s. 48.625 (1m). Before placing a child or arranging the placement of a child under this paragraph, the child welfare agency shall report any suspected abuse or neglect of the child as required under s. 48.981 (2). A voluntary agreement to place a child

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in a group home described in s. 48.625 (1m) may be made only under this paragraph, shall be in writing, and shall specifically state that the agreement may be terminated at any time by the parent, guardian, Indian custodian, or child. In the case of an Indian child who is placed in a group home under this paragraph by the voluntary agreement of the Indian child's parent or Indian custodian, the voluntary consent of the parent or Indian custodian to the placement shall be given as provided in s. 48.028 (5) (a). An initial placement under this paragraph may not exceed 180 days from the date on which the child was removed from the home under the voluntary agreement, but may be extended as provided in par. (d) 3. to 6. An initial placement under this paragraph of a child who is under 16 years of age on the date of the initial placement may be extended as provided in par. (d) 3. to 6. no more than once.

SECTION 153. 48.63 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.63 (5) (c) A permanency plan under s. 48.38 is required for each child placed in a group home under par. (b) and for any child of that child who is residing with that child. The agency that placed the child or that arranged the placement of the child shall prepare the plan within 60 days after the date on which the child was removed from his or her home under the voluntary agreement and shall provide a copy of the plan to the child and, the child's parent or guardian, and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe.

Section 154. 48.63 (5) (d) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.63 (5) (d) 3. If the agency that has placed a child under par. (b) or that has arranged the placement of the child wishes to extend the placement of the child, the agency shall prepare a revised permanency plan for that child and for any child of that child who is residing with that child and submit the revised permanency plan or plans, together with a request for a review of the revised permanency plan or plans

and the child's placement, to the independent reviewing agency before the expiration of the child's placement. The request shall include a statement that an extension of the child's placement would be in the best interests of the child, together with reliable and credible information in support of that statement, a statement that the child and the parent or, guardian, or Indian custodian of the child consent to the extension of the child's placement, and a request that the independent reviewing agency approve an extension of the child's placement. On receipt of a revised permanency plan or plans and a request for review, the independent reviewing agency shall set a time and place for the review and shall advise the agency that placed the child or that arranged the placement of the child of the time and place of the review.

Section 155. 48.63 (5) (d) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.63 (5) (d) 4. Not less than 10 days before the review, the agency that placed the child or that arranged the placement of the child shall provide a copy of the revised permanency plan or plans and the request for review submitted under subd.

3. and notice of the time and place of the review to the child, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the child, and the operator of the group home in which the child is placed, and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe, together with notice of the issues to be determined as part of the permanency plan review and notice of the fact that those persons may have the opportunity to be heard at the review by submitting written comments to that agency or the independent reviewing agency before the review or by participating at the review.

SECTION 156. 48.63 (5) (d) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.63 (5) (d) 5. At the review, any person specified in subd. 4. may present information relevant to the issue of extension and information relevant to the determinations specified in s. 48.38 (5) (c). After receiving that information, the

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independent reviewing agency shall make the determinations specified in s. 48.38 (5) (c) and determine whether an extension of the child's placement is in the best interests of the child and whether the child and the parent or, guardian, or Indian custodian of the child consent to the extension. If the independent reviewing agency determines that the extension is in the best interests of the child and that the child and the parent or, guardian, or Indian custodian of the child consent to the extension, the independent reviewing agency shall approve, in writing, an extension of the placement for a specified period of time not to exceed 6 months, stating the reason for the approval, and the agency that placed the child or that arranged the placement of the child may extend the child's placement for the period of time approved. If the independent reviewing agency determines that the extension is not in the best interests of the child or that the child and the parent or, guardian, or Indian custodian of the child do not consent to the extension, the independent reviewing agency shall, in writing, disapprove an extension of the placement, stating the reason for the disapproval, and the agency that placed the child or that arranged the placement of the child may not extend the placement of the child past the expiration date of the voluntary placement unless the agency obtains a court order placing the child in the group home after the expiration date of the voluntary placement. Notwithstanding the approval of an extension under this subdivision, the child or the parent or, guardian, or Indian custodian of the child may terminate the placement at any time during the extension period.

SECTION 157. 48.63 (5) (d) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.63 (5) (d) 6. Within 30 days after the review, the agency that prepared the revised permanency plan or plans shall prepare a written summary of the determinations specified in s. 48.38 (5) (c) that were made under subd. 5. and shall

provide a copy of that summary to the independent reviewing agency, the child, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the child, and the operator of the group home in which the child was placed, and, if the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe.

SECTION 158. 48.83 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.83 (1) The Except as provided in s. 48.028 (3) (a), the court of the county where the proposed adoptive parent or child resides, upon the filing of a petition for adoption or for the adoptive placement of a child, has jurisdiction over the child until the petition is withdrawn, denied, or granted. Venue shall be in the county where the proposed adoptive parent or child resides at the time the petition is filed. The court may transfer the case to a court in the county in which the proposed adoptive parents reside.

SECTION 159. 48.831 (1r) of the statutes is created to read:

48.831 (1r) Notice. When a petition is filed under sub. (1m), the court shall provide notice of the fact-finding hearing under sub. (3) to all interested parties as provided in s. 48.27 (6). If the court knows or has reason to know that the child is an Indian child, the court shall provide notice to the Indian child's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known, in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). No hearing may be held under sub. (3) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. On request of the Indian child's Indian custodian or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 160. 48.831 (4) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

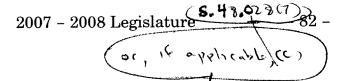
48.831 (4) (cm) If the child is an Indian child who is in the custody of an Indian custodian, the court may not remove the child from the custody of the Indian

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custodian under par. (c) unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian child by the Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1. and that the department, county department, or child welfare agency has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. In placing an Indian child following a transfer of guardianship and custody under par. (b) or (c), the custodian appointed under par. (b) or (c) shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (b).

SECTION 161. 48.833 of the statutes is amended to read:

48.833 Placement of children for adoption by the department, county departments and child welfare agencies. The department, a county department under s. 48.57 (1) (e) or (hm), or a child welfare agency licensed under s. 48.60 may place a child for adoption in a licensed foster home or a licensed treatment foster home without a court order if the department, county department, or child welfare agency is the guardian of the child or makes the placement at the request of another agency that is the guardian of the child. In placing an Indian child for adoption under this section, the department, county department, or child welfare agency shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (a). When a child is placed under this section in a licensed foster home or a licensed treatment foster home for adoption, the department, county department, or child welfare agency making the placement shall enter into a written agreement with the proposed adoptive parent, which shall state the date on which the child is placed in the licensed foster home or licensed treatment foster home for adoption by the proposed adoptive parent.



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SECTION 162. 48.833 of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Acts 293 and 2007 Wisconsin Act (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

48.833 Placement of children for adoption by the department, county departments, and child welfare agencies. The department, a county department under s. 48.57 (1) (e) or (hm), or a child welfare agency licensed under s. 48.60 may place a child for adoption in a licensed foster home or a licensed treatment foster home without a court order if the department, county department, or child welfare agency is the guardian of the child or makes the placement at the request of another agency that is the guardian of the child and if the proposed adoptive parents have completed the preadoption preparation required under s. 48.84 (1) or the department, dounty department, or child welfare agency determines that the proposed adoptive parents are not required to complete that preparation. In placing an Indian child for adoption under this section, the department, county department, or child welfare agency shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (a) When a child is placed under this section in a licensed foster home or a licensed treatment foster home for adoption, the department, county department, or child welfare agency making the placement shall enter into a written agreement with the proposed adoptive parent, which shall state the date on which the child is placed in the licensed foster home or licensed treatment foster home for adoption by the proposed adoptive parent.

SECTION 163. 48.837 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

48.837 (2) (e) If the child is an Indian child, the names and addresses of the Indian child's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

SECTION 164. 48.837 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

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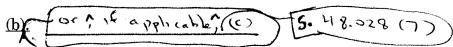
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48.837 (4) (c) Shall, when the petition has been filed under sub. (1), order the department or a county department under s. 48.57 (1) (e) or (hm) to investigate the proposed adoptive placement, to interview each petitioner, to provide counseling if requested, and to report its recommendation to the court at least 5 days before the hearing on the petition. If a licensed child welfare agency has investigated the proposed adoptive placement and interviewed the petitioners, the court may accept a report and recommendation from the child welfare agency hin place of the court-ordered report required under this paragraph. In reporting its recommendations under this paragraph with respect to an Indian child, the department, a county department, and child welfare agency shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7) (a)

Section 165. 48.837 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

3. 43.016 (1) (c), order the department or a county department under s. 48.57 (1) (e) or (hm) to place the child.

after ordering the child taken into custody under s. 48.19 (1) (c), order the department or a county department under s. 48.57 (1) (e) or (hm) to place the child, pending the hearing on the petition, in any home licensed under s. 48.62 except the home of the proposed adoptive parents or a relative of the proposed adoptive parents. In placing an Indian child under this paragraph, the department or county department shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028 (7)



SECTION 166. 48.837 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.837 (6) (c) After the hearing on the petition under sub. (2), the court shall make findings on the allegations of the petition and the report ordered under sub. (4) (c) and make a conclusion as to whether placement in the home is in the best interest of the child. In determining whether placement of an Indian child in the

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- the best interests of the child, the court shall make an order granting the adoption.

 In determining whether the adoption is in the best interests of an Indian child, the court shall comply with the order of placement preference under s. 48.028(7)(a). The order may change the name of the minor to that requested by petitioners.
 - **SECTION 171.** 48.93 (1d) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 48.93 (1d) All records and papers pertaining to an adoption proceeding shall be kept in a separate locked file and may not be disclosed except under sub. (1g) or, (1r), or (1v), s. 46.03 (29), 48.432, 48.433, 48.434, 48.48 (17) (a) 9. or 48.57 (1) (j), or by order of the court for good cause shown.
 - **SECTION 172.** 48.93 (1v) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 48.93 (1v) (a) At the time a court enters an order granting adoption of an Indian child, the court shall provide the U.S. secretary of the interior with the information specified in s. 48.028 (9) (a) and (b).
 - (b) At the request of an Indian adoptee who is 18 years of age or older, the court that entered the order granting adoption of the adoptee shall provide the adoptee with the information specified in s. 48.028 (9) (c).
 - **SECTION 173.** 48.977 (2) (g) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 48.977 (2) (g) In the case of an Indian child, that continued custody of the Indian child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 1. and that the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian child under a court order has made active efforts under s. 48.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.
 - **SECTION 174.** 48.977 (4) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

1	48.977 (4) (a) 1. The child or the child's guardian or, legal custodian, or Indian
2	custodian.
3	SECTION 175. 48.977 (4) (b) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	48.977 (4) (b) 6. A statement of whether the child may be subject to the federal
5	Indian child welfare act Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the child may
6	be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the child's Indian custodian, if any,
7	and Indian tribe, if known.
8	SECTION 176. 48.977 (4) (b) 7. of the statutes is created to read:
9	48.977 (4) (b) 7. If the child is or may be an Indian child, reliable and credible
10	information showing that continued custody of the child by the child's parent or
11	Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the
12	child under s. $48.028(4)(d)1$. and reliable and credible information showing that the
13	person who took the child into custody and the intake worker have made active
14	efforts under s. $48.028(4)(d)2$. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that
15	those efforts have proved unsuccessful.
16	SECTION 177. 48.977 (4) (c) 1. j. of the statutes is created to read:
17	48.977 (4) (c) 1. j. If the child is an Indian child, the Indian child's Indian
18	custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.
19	SECTION 178. 48.977 (4) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
20	48.977 (4) (c) 2. Service Except as provided in subd. 2m., service shall be made
21	by 1st class mail at least 7 days before the hearing or by personal service at least 7
22	days before the hearing or, if with reasonable diligence a party specified in subd. 1.
23	cannot be served by mail or personal service, service shall be made by publication of
24	a notice published as a class 1 notice under ch. 985. In determining which newspaper
25	is likely to give notice as required under s. 985.02 (1), the petitioner shall consider

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1	the residence of the party, if known, or the residence of the relatives of the party, if
2	known, or the last-known location of the party.
3	SECTION 179. 48.977 (4) (c) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:
4	48.977 (4) (c) 2m. If the petitioner knows or has reason to know that the child
5	is an Indian child, service under subd. 2 . to the Indian child's parent shall be provided
6	in the manner specified in s. 48.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the petitioner shall also
7	provide service to the Indian child's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing may be
8	held under par. (cm) until at least 10 days after receipt of service by the Indian child's
9	parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian child's parent, Indian
10	custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days
11	to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.
12	SECTION 180. 48.977 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	48.977 (4) (d) Fact-finding hearing. The court shall hold a fact-finding hearing
14	on the petition on the date set by the court under par. (cm) 3., at which any party may
15	present evidence relevant to the issue of whether the conditions specified in sub. (2)
16	(a) to (f) (g) have been met. If the court, at the conclusion of the fact-finding hearing,
17	finds by clear and convincing evidence that the conditions specified in sub. (2) (a) to
18	(f) (g) have been met, the court shall immediately proceed to a dispositional hearing
19	unless an adjournment is requested. If a party requests an adjournment, the court
20	shall set a date for the dispositional hearing which allows reasonable time for the
21	parties to prepare but is no more than 30 days after the fact-finding hearing.
22	SECTION 181. 48.977 (4) (g) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
23	48.977 (4) (g) 4. If the child is an Indian child, the order of placement preference
24	under s. 48.028 (7) (b) sr, if applicable (c) 5. 49.028 (7)

SECTION 182. 48.978 (2) (b) 11. of the statutes is amended to read:

SECTION 182		
48.978 (2) (b) 11. A statement of whether the child may be subject to the federal		
Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the child may be subject to		
that act, the names and addresses of the child's Indian custodian, if any, and Indian		
tribe, if known.		
SECTION 183. 48.981 (1) (cs) of the statutes is repealed.		
SECTION 184. 48.981 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:		
48.981 (1) (i) "Tribal agent" means the person designated under $25~\mathrm{CFR}~23.12$		
by an Indian tribe or band to receive notice of involuntary child custody proceedings		
under the Indian child welfare act federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901		
to 1963.		
SECTION 185. 48.981 (3) (bm) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:		
48.981 (3) (bm) Notice of report to Indian tribal agent. (intro.) In a county		
and the second s		

48.981 (3) (bm) Notice of report to Indian tribal agent. (intro.) In a county which has wholly or partially within its boundaries a federally recognized Indian reservation or a bureau of Indian affairs service area for the Ho-Chunk tribe, if a county department which receives a report under par. (a) pertaining to a child or unborn child knows or has reason to know that the child is an Indian child who resides in the county or that the unborn child is an Indian unborn child whose expectant mother resides in the county, the county department shall provide notice, which shall consist only of the name and address of the child or expectant mother and the fact that a report has been received about that child or unborn child, within 24 hours to one of the following:

SECTION 186. 48.981 (3) (bm) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (bm) 1. If the county department knows with which the Indian tribe or band of which the child is affiliated a member, or with which the Indian tribe or band in which the unborn child, when born, may be eligible for affiliation

membership, and it is a Wisconsin <u>Indian</u> tribe or band, the tribal agent of that tribe or band.

SECTION 187. 48.981 (3) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (3) (bm) 2. If the county department does not know with which the Indian tribe or band of which the child is affiliated a member, or with which the Indian tribe or band in which the unborn child, when born, may be eligible for affiliation membership, or the child or expectant mother is not affiliated with a member of a Wisconsin Indian tribe or band, the tribal agent serving the reservation or Ho-Chunk service area where the child or expectant mother resides.

SECTION 188. 48.981 (7) (a) 10m. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 10m. A tribal court, or other adjudicative body authorized by a tribe or band an Indian tribe to perform child welfare functions, that exercises jurisdiction over children and unborn children alleged to be in need of protection or services for use in proceedings in which abuse or neglect of the child who is the subject of the report or record or abuse of the unborn child who is the subject of the report or record is an issue.

SECTION 189. 48.981 (7) (a) 10r. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 10r. A tribal court, or other adjudicative body authorized by a tribe or band an Indian tribe to perform child welfare functions, that exercises jurisdiction over children alleged to be in need of protection or services for use in proceedings in which an issue is the substantial risk of abuse or neglect of a child who, during the time period covered by the report or record, was in the home of the child who is the subject of the report or record.

SECTION 190. 48.981 (7) (a) 11m. of the statutes is amended to read:

1	48.981 (7) (a) 11m. An attorney representing the interests of an Indian tribe
2	or band in proceedings under subd. 10m. or 10r., of an Indian child in proceedings
3	under subd. 10m. or 10r. or of an Indian unborn child in proceedings under subd.
4	10m.
5	SECTION 191. 822.015 of the statutes is amended to read:
6	822.015 Custody of Indian children. The Indian child welfare act federal
7	Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, supersedes the provisions of this
8	chapter in any child custody proceeding governed by that act, except that in any case
9	in which this chapter provides a higher standard of protection for the rights of an
\mathcal{G} t	Indian child's parent Indian custodian than the rights provided under that act, the
11	court shall apply the standard under this chapter.
12	SECTION 192. 938.02 (8d) of the statutes is created to read:
13	938.02 (8d) "Indian" means any person who is a member of an Indian tribe or
14	who is an Alaska native and a member of a regional corporation, as defined in $43\mathrm{USC}$
15	1606.
16	SECTION 193. 938.02 (8g) of the statutes is created to read:
17	938.02 (8g) "Indian juvenile" means an unmarried person who is under 18
18	years of age and who is one of the following:
19	(a) A member of an Indian tribe.
20	(b) Eligible for membership in an Indian tribe and is the biological child of a
21	member of an Indian tribe.
22	Section 194. 938.02 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:
23	938.02 (8m) "Indian juvenile's tribe" means one of the following:
24	(a) The Indian tribe in which an Indian juvenile is a member or eligible for
25	membershin

(b) In the case of an Indian juvenile who is a member of or eligible for
membership in more than one tribe, the Indian tribe with which the Indian juvenile
has the more significant contacts.
SECTION 195. 938.02 (8p) of the statutes is created to read:
938.02 (8p) "Indian custodian" means an Indian person who has legal custody
of an Indian juvenile under tribal law or custom or under state law or to whom
temporary physical care, custody, and control has been transferred by the parent of
the juvenile.
SECTION 196. 938.02 (8r) of the statutes is created to read:
938.02 (8r) "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other
organized group or community of Indians that is recognized as eligible for the
services provided to Indians by the U.S. secretary of the interior because of Indian
status, including any Alaska native village, as defined in 43 USC 1602 (c).
Section 197. 938.02 (9m) of the statutes is renumbered 938.02 (8b).
SECTION 198. 938.02 (10m) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.02 (10m) "Juvenile", when used without further qualification, means a
person who is less than 18 years of age, except that for purposes of investigating or
prosecuting a person who is alleged to have violated a state or federal criminal law
or any civil law or municipal ordinance, "juvenile" does not include a person who has
attained 17 years of age.
SECTION 199. 938.02 (12m) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.02 (12m) "Off-reservation trust land" means land in this state that is held
in trust by the federal government for the benefit of a <u>an Indian</u> tribe or an American
Indian individual and that is located outside the boundaries of a an Indian tribe's
reservation.